



EN Operating instructions. pages 1 to 20
Translation of the original operating instructions

CS Aktuální verzi návodu k použití ve vašem jazyce naleznete na www.schmersal.net

DA På www.schmersal.net findes aktuelle betjeningsvejledninger på EU's officielle sprog.

ES Encontrará el manual de instrucciones actual en su idioma oficial de la UE en nuestra página de Internet www.schmersal.net.

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NL U vindt de huidige versie van de gebruikshandleiding in uw officiële landstaal op het Internet, www.schmersal.net.

PL Tutaj znajdziesz aktualną wersję instrukcji obsługi w Twoim języku na stronie internetowej www.schmersal.net.

PT O manual de instruções actual, no seu idioma oficial da UE, encontra-se na nossa página de Internet www.schmersal.net.

SV På www.schmersal.net finner ni de aktuella versionerna av bruksanvisningen på EU's officiella språk.

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1. About this document

1.1 Function

This operating instructions manual provides all the information you need for the mounting, set-up and commissioning to ensure the safe operation and disassembly of the safety-monitoring module. The operating instructions must be available in a legible condition and a complete version in the vicinity of the device. This document constitutes operating instructions within the meaning of the Machine Directive 2006/42/EC Annex I, Article 1.7.4.

1.2 Target group: authorised qualified personnel

All operations described in this operating instructions manual must be carried out by trained specialist personnel, authorised by the plant operator only. Only install and commission the device once you have read and understood these instructions and are acquainted with the applicable regulations on machine safety and accident prevention. The selection and installation of the devices and the technical incorporation into the control system require qualified knowledge of the pertinent laws and requirements set out in standards.

1.3 Explanation of the symbols used



Information, hint, note:

This symbol is used for identifying useful additional information.



Caution: Failure to comply with this warning notice could lead to failures or malfunctions.

Warning: Failure to comply with this warning notice could lead to physical injury and/or damage to the machine.

1.4 Appropriate use

The product described here has been developed to assume safety-oriented functions as part of an overall system or machine. The safe state corresponds to the de-energised state. It is the responsibility of the manufacturer of a machine or plant to ensure the correct functionality of the entire machinery or plant. The safety-monitoring module must be exclusively used in accordance with the versions listed below or for the applications authorised by the manufacturer. Detailed information regarding the range of applications can be found in the chapter 2.

1.5 General safety instructions

The user must observe the safety instructions in this operating instructions manual, the country-specific installation standards as well as all prevailing safety regulations and accident prevention rules.



Further technical information can be found in the Schmersal catalogues or in the online catalogue on the Internet: www.schmersal.net.

There are no residual risks, provided that the safety instructions as well as the instructions regarding mounting, commissioning, operation and maintenance are observed. All information without guarantee. Subject to change.

1.6 Warning about misuse



If used incorrectly or not for the intended purpose or in the case of tampering, danger to persons or damage to machine and system parts from using the safety module cannot be ruled out.

1.7 Exclusion of liability

We shall accept no liability for damages and malfunctions resulting from defective mounting or failure to comply with the operating instructions manual. The manufacturer shall accept no liability for damages resulting from the use of unauthorised spare parts or accessories.

For safety reasons, invasive work on the device as well as arbitrary repairs, conversions and modifications to the device are strictly forbidden; the manufacturer shall accept no liability for damages resulting from such invasive work, arbitrary repairs, conversions and/or modifications to the device.

2. Product description

2.1 Ordering code

This operating instructions manual applies to the following types:

Standard-version: PROTECT SELECT

OEM-version: PROTECT SELECT OEM

2.2 Special versions

For special versions, which are not listed in the order code below 2.1, these specifications apply accordingly, provided that they correspond to the standard version.

For special versions, the supplementary operating instructions are to be observed.

2.3 Destination and use

The safety module for integration in safety circuits is designed to fit in control cabinets.

The safety module is for the safe evaluation of potential-free and OSSD type sensors safety control equipment and safe analogue signals.

The logical switching of the inputs to the outputs is determined by a pre-programmed application program. To be able to adapt to each of the application uses the application program has adjustable parameters. Setting the parameters is done using the safety module with a rocker switch in conjunction with a colour display.

The safety function is the safe shutdown of the safety outputs (Q0 to Q3 and QR1 to QR2) upon request via the safety inputs (I00 to I17 and AI0 to AI1) and in the event of a fault. In the switched off state the outputs have no power this means that relay output contacts are open and semiconductor outputs are non-conducting.

To determine the Performance Level (PL) of the entire safety function (e.g. sensor, logic, actuator) to DIN EN ISO 13 849-1, an analysis of all relevant components is required.

The safety-related current paths with the outputs Q0 to Q3 and (taking into account a B10d value consideration) QR1 and QR2 meet the following requirements:

- Category 4 – PL e to DIN EN ISO 13849-1
- corresponds to SIL CL 3 to DIN EN 62061
- (corresponds to control category 4 to DIN EN 954-1)



The entire concept of the control system, in which the safety component is integrated, must be validated to the relevant standards.



If the monitoring of an Emergency-Stop command device is not implemented using the safety module PROTECT SELECT the monitoring must take place using another suitable manner.

2.4 Technical data

General data

Standards:	EN 60204-1 ; EN 60947-5-1; EN 62061; ISO 13849-1; IEC 61508
Mounting:	snaps onto standard DIN rail to EN 60715
Dimensions (W/H/D):	52.5 x 100 x 118 mm
Weight:	300 g
Readiness after switching on:	approx. 6 s

Mechanical data

Terminal types:	Spring force terminals or screw terminals
Cable section:	0.25...2.5 mm ²
Connecting cable:	rigid or flexible (including conductor ferrules)
Mechanical life:	10 ⁷ operations
Electrical life:	Derating curve available on request
Resistance to shock:	to IEC 60068-2-29
Resistance to vibrations:	to IEC 60068-2-6

Ambient conditions

Ambient temperature:	-25 °C ... +55 °C, no condensation; with vertical installed position
Storage and transport temperature:	-25 °C ... +75 °C, no condensation
Climatic conditions:	Humidity 15 % ... 90 %, no condensation

Protection class:	IP20
Installation compartment:	earthed, lockable switch cabinet with class of protection IP54
Air clearances and creepage distances:	EN 50178 (double insulation)
EMC rating:	EN 61000-6-2; EN 61496-1; EN 62061; IEC 61326-3-1
EMC interference radiation:	EN 61000-6-4
Overvoltage category:	III
Degree of pollution:	2

Electrical data

Rated operating voltage:	24 VDC +/- 10%
Fuse rating:	3 A slow blow external
Power consumption at 24 VDC:	max. 500 mA, internally fused plus load current

Safe digital inputs

Number:	18 single channel / up to 9 dual channel inputs
Voltage / current:	24 V; 6 mA
Level (nominal):	
- Low:	-3 V ... 2.0 V
- High:	18 V ... 28.8 V
Category / PL / SIL CL:	
- Single channel, with minimum request interval = 30 h:	Cat. 2 / PL d / SIL CL 2
- Dual channel:	Cat. 4 / PL e / SIL CL 3

Safe analogue inputs

Number:	2
Measuring range voltage:	0 ... 10 V
Voltage change:	Sinusoidal: max. 2.8 Hz; max. 25 V/s
Measuring range current:	
- with external shunt resistor:	0 ... 20 mA
- 500 Ω / 0.5W / < 1%:	4 ... 20 mA
Current change:	Sinusoidal: max. 2.8 Hz; max. 50 mA/s
Input resistance:	10 kΩ

Safe analogue outputs

Category / PL / SIL CL:	
- Single channel (If a cable break dominates):	Cat. 3 / PL d / SIL CL 2
- Dual channel:	Cat. 4 / PL e / SIL CL 3
Accuracy:	3%
Resolution:	12 Bit

Safe semi-conductor outputs

Number (p-/n-switching):	2
- Note:	with OEM -version an activation of the second p+n-switching output Q1/Q1N is possible. In this case a derating must be observed.

Number (p switching):	2
Max. current at 24V:	0.7 A / output, resistive load, short-circuit proof
Output test pulse:	type 0.5 ms; max. 2 ms, with a capacitive load

Category / PL / SIL CL:

- Single channel, with minimum Request interval = 47min:	Cat. 2 / PL d / SIL CL 2
- Dual channel:	Cat. 4 / PL e / SIL CL 3

Reaction times:

- Digital inputs:	Switching off: < 30 ms Switching on: < 45 ms
- Analogue inputs:	Switching off: < 100 ms Switching on: < 120 ms

- Note: The stable time must be added to the specified ON times.

Voltage drop:

- Residual current:	< 1 V, < 2 mA
- Leakage current in the case of error:	< 1 mA
Minimum operating current:	> 5 mA
Required short-circuit current:	9 A

Safe relay outputs

Number:	2 (common access)
Contact load capacity (B _{10d} values see below):	
- AC1:	250 V / 4 A
- AC15:	230 V / 3 A
- DC 1:	24 V / 4 A
- DC 13:	24 V / 4 A / 0.1 Hz

Category / PL / SIL CL:

- Single channel:	Cat. 1 / PL c / SIL CL 1
- Dual channel:	Cat. 4 / PL e / SIL CL 3

Residual current at 24V:	4 A
Fuse rating:	4A gL/gG (for residual current)

Reaction times:

- Digital inputs:	Switching off: < 50 ms Switching on: < 65 ms
- Analogue inputs:	Switching off: < 120 ms Switching on: < 140 ms

- Note: The stable time must be added to the specified ON times.

Required short-circuit current:	1,000 A to EN 60947-5-1
Rated isolated voltage:	to EN 50178, double insulation

Signalling outputs

Number, optional:	4
Max. current at 24V:	0.1 A, resistive load, conditionally short-circuit proof

Test pulse outputs

Number:	3
Max. current at 24V:	0.1 A, resistive load, conditionally short-circuit proof
Switch-off test pulse:	<1.5 ms

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Main supply:	24 V, Class 2
Consumption:	2.6 A
Ambient temperature:	+ 55°C
Semiconductor output current:	sum 2.1 A
Relay output:	C300, R300

2.5 Safety classification

Standards:	EN ISO 13849-1; IEC 62061; EN 60947-5-1; IEC 61508
PL:	up to e
Control category:	up to 4
DC:	medium
CCF:	> 65 points
SIL CL:	up to 3
SFF:	> 90 %
PFH _d to IEC 61508:	1.78 x 10 ⁻⁸ 1/h
- Note:	Valid for dual channel and 60% relay load.
Service life:	20 years
Hardware fault tolerance:	1
Mode of operation:	High demand / continuous
MTTF _{d (inputs+logic)} :	>100 years
MTTF _{d (semi-conductor outputs)} :	>100 years
B _{10d} value (for one channel of the relay output):	Low load range 20%: 10,000,000 40%: 7,500,000 60%: 2,500,000 80%: 1,000,000 Maximum load 100%: 400,000

$$MTTF_d = \frac{B_{10d}}{0,1 \times n_{op}} \quad n_{op} = \frac{d_{op} \times h_{op} \times 3600 \text{ s/h}}{t_{cycle}}$$


For an average annual demand rate of $n_{op} = 126,720$ cycles per year, Performance Level PL e can be obtained at maximum load.

n_{op} = average number of activations per year
 d_{op} = average number of operating days per year
 h_{op} = average number of operating hours per day
 t_{cycle} = typical demand of the safety function in s
(e.g. 4 × per hour = 1 × per 15 min. = 900 s)
(Specifications can vary depending on the application-specific parameters h_{op} , d_{op} and t_{cycle} as well as the load.)

The MTTF_d value results as follows


Semi-conductor output: $1/MTTF_{d(inputs+logic)} + 1/MTTF_{d(semi-conductor outputs)}$
Relay output: $1/MTTF_{d(inputs+logic)} + 1/MTTF_{d(relay)}$

3. Mounting

 The safety module should only be installed and removed when without power.

3.1 General mounting instructions

Snap the bottom of the enclosure slightly tilted backwards in the DIN rail and push down until it latches in position.

 Depending on requirements, the connectors can be coded individually using the supplied coded pins. Electrical power cables must be routed separately from communication lines.

3.2 Disassembly


Unlock the bottom of the enclosure by means of a slotted screwdriver, push up and hang out slightly tilted forwards.

3.3 Disposal

After the maximum service life of 20 years, the security module should be disposed of properly in accordance with national laws and regulations.


4. Electrical connection

4.1 General information for electrical connection


 The electrical connection may only be carried out by authorised personnel in a de-energised condition!

4.2 Power supply

A1: 24 VDC ± 10% (via external safety fuse 3 A slow blow)
A2: GND, this must be connected to the protective earth (PE).
FE: Functional earth (short line where possible min. 1.5 mm²)

 Requirements placed on the power supply unit

- Safety mains transformer in accordance with DIN EN 61558 / VDE 0570 Part 2-6
- Switching power supply unit in accordance with DIN EN 60950-1 and DIN EN 50178. The power supply unit must be suitable to supply SELV current circuits in accordance with DIN EN 60950-1.


 The FE connection (functional ground) must be connected.

4.3 Start level

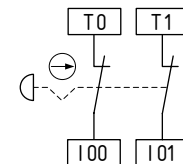
Number and terminal will depend on the application program (see chapter 8.1).

4.4 Sensor level

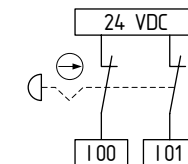
Number and terminal will depend on the application program (see chapter 8.1). All inputs are plus-switching.

 Input circuits which have been deactivated via the parameter assignment may not be connected.

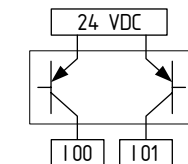
2-channel potential-free with cross-wire monitoring



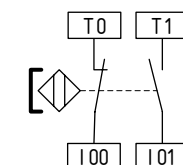
2-channel potential-free without cross-wire monitoring



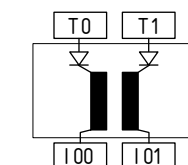
2-channel electronic output (OSSD type) (cross-wire monitoring via sensor)



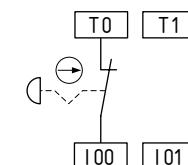
2-channel potential-free with NO and NC contacts




Safety mat (4-wire)



1-channel potential-free connection first contact



 Proximity switches with reed contacts (e.g. safety switches such as the Schmersal BNS type series) may not be connected to inputs (I0, I4, I12, I14) due to the alternative function as signalling output. They must satisfy the following technical requirements

- switching capacity: min. 240 mW
- switching voltage: min. 24 VDC
- switching current: min. 10 mA



When a safety mat is connected make sure that the clock outputs are decoupled, for example via diodes.



When installing the cables the safe analogue inputs AI0 / AI1 high frequency signal decoupling must be avoided.



Recommended cable type for the safe analogue inputs AI0 / AI1: LAPP KABEL unitronic® FD CP (TP) plus 1 x 2 x 0.75



For inputs that are configured for antivalent (1NO/1NC) evaluation, the NO contact must always be connected to the input with the odd number.



With single-channel use the input with the odd number is not used.



When connecting safety door interlocks the door position should be connected to the even input and magnet position connected to the odd input.

4.5 Actuator level

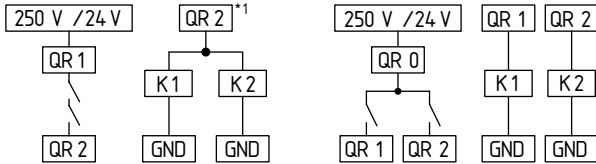
2 x safe p-/n-switching semiconductor outputs (Q0/Q0N, Q1/Q1N) with 24 VDC

2 x safe p-switching semiconductor outputs (Q2, Q3) with 24 VDC

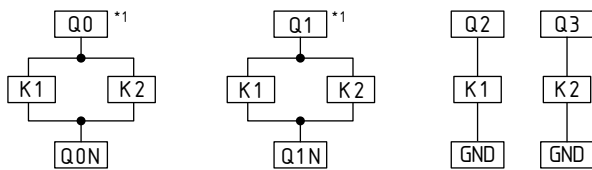
2 x safe relay outputs (QR1, QR2) with common supply (QR0) up to 250 VAC or 24 VDC

4 x operational optional message outputs (Y0 ... Y 3) with 24 VDC

Relay outputs



Semi-conductor outputs



*1 Measures for short circuit shutout against the supply are necessary

Test pulses

The correct function of the semi-conductor outputs is secured by a cyclical test, i.e. all switched outputs are deactivated for approx. 0.5 ms (in the event of capacitive loads the deactivation is for a maximum of 2 ms).



If contactors and coils are connected suitable protective measures (free-wheeling diode, varistor or similar) must be taken to protect the internal output switching.



If after a shutdown of max. 2 ms no HIGH signal is detected on the semiconductor output (e.g. due to a capacitive load), a system failure is the result.



If a subsequent assembly is disturbed by the test pulse it can be eliminated by including a D/C filter in the circuit:
Typical values: 3...10 kΩ, 1000 nF
10...30 kΩ, 330 nF
The resulting signal delay is to be considered.

Signalling outputs

The terminals I0/Y0, I4/Y1, I12/Y2 and I14/Y3 may be used both as safe input and as signalling output.

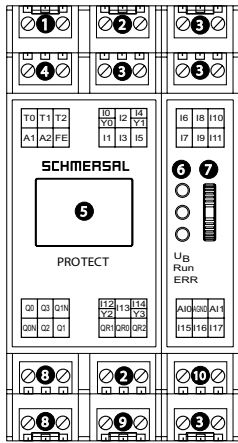
Which function is used will depend on the application program (see chapter 8.1).



The signalling outputs Y0...Y3 are not safety-related.

5. Operating principle and settings

5.1 Connection / operating elements



- 1 Cycle outputs T0...T2
- 2 Safe inputs / optional signalling outputs
- 3 Safe inputs
- 4 Supply voltage
- 5 Graphic colour display
- 6 Status LEDs
- 7 Rocker switch
- 8 Safe semi-conductor outputs
- 9 Safe relay outputs
- 10 Safe analogue inputs

Operating the rocker switch

Up/down: Navigation through the menu and the input masks.

Press: Acceptance of the entry or confirmation of an action.

LED indications

U _B	lights up	Operating voltage applied
Run	lights up	Operating mode
	blinking	Configuration mode or module has the factory defaults (see initial parameterization)
ERR	illuminates	A fault is present (safe condition)
	blinking	There is a caution or warning (Operation with possible limitations)

Fault / Warnings / Messages appear on the display in plain text.

Menu structure

The complete structure may be derived from Chapter 7.

5.2 Description of the terminals

Voltage	A1	+24 VDC
	A2	0 VDC
	FE	functional earth connection
Inputs	I0...I17	Safe digital inputs
	AI0	Safe analogue input
	AI1	Safe analogue input
	AGND	Analogue ground
Outputs	Q0, Q0N	Safe semi-conductor output p-/n-switching
	Q1, Q1N	Safe semiconductor output p-/n-switching (only available OEM-products)
	Q2	Safe semi-conductor output p-switching
	Q3	Safe semi-conductor output p-switching
	QR0	Supply of safe relay output
	QR1	Safe relay outputs
	QR2	Safe relay outputs
	Y0...Y3	Operational outputs (signalling output)
	T0...T2	Clock outputs for the supply of safe digital inputs for short-circuit recognition

5.3 Start level

Alternatively: Auto-start or manual start (falling edge)
Optional: Feedback circuit (EDM), start-up testing

Start-up test

After switching on the supply voltage again the protective device must first be opened and closed again before the enable can be activated with the start/RESET button.

5.4 Sensor level

18 safe digital inputs

Selectable: 1-channel or 2-channel, equivalent, antivalent or deactivated.

Optional condition: Short circuit recognition, discrepancy monitoring

2 safe analogue inputs

2 analogue safe 1-channel inputs each with 4 adjustable limit values or 1 analogue safe 2-channel input with 4 adjustable limit values and adjustable monitoring of the percentage (of maximum value = 4095) channel deviation.

Discrepancy monitoring

After a request for a 2-channel protection device that is carried out by only one of the input channels, both input channels must be opened and closed again before the release with the START / RESET button can be activated.

Cross-wire detection

Measure for detecting short circuits between the input channels for 2-channel operation. The cross-circuit detection is achieved here by the use of clock outputs T0 ... T2 using floating safety sensors. The assignment of the clock outputs to the inputs is fixed. The setting takes place in the inputs menu.



To reach cat. 4 / PL e / SIL CL 3, cross-circuit detection must be enabled in floating safety sensors.

Cycle outputs	Digital inputs I00 ... I17 (optional signalling outputs Y0 ... Y3)					
	I00 (Y0)	I03 (Y1)	I06	I09	I12 (Y2)	I15
T0 closed						
T1 closed						
T2 closed						

Analogue limit values

The limit values are set with a number of between 0 to 4095. The following conversion applies:

$$\text{Limit value} = \text{Voltage [V]} \times 337$$

5.5 Actuator level

The actuator level consists of:

- 2x p-/n-switching safe outputs
- 2x p-switching safe outputs
- 2x safe relay outputs
- 4x optional signalling outputs

Each safe output can be switched off either without delay (Stop 0) or delayed (Stop 1) via safe timer.

5.6 Project planning

The planner selects the suitable application program and stipulates the necessary parameter assignment data. All information must be entered for the person putting into operation in setting instructions who transfers this data into the safety module, verifies the correct parameter assignment and wiring. The following sequence must be observed for planning:

1. Definition of the safety function and determination of the requisite PL / Cat. / SIL.
2. Selection of the suitable application program.
3. Assignment of the periphery to the terminals.
4. Stipulation of the necessary additional functions.
5. Stipulation of which inputs require cross-wire detection.
6. Analogue inputs: stipulation of the type and limit values. If not used, lay AI0+AI1 to AGND and values to 4095.
7. Setting wiring plan.
8. Determination of the MSP code (see chapter 5.7).
9. Entry of the MSP code and additional functions in the setting instructions.
10. Entry of the cross short settings in the setting instructions.
11. Entry of the requisite timer values.
12. Entry of the analogue settings.
13. Enter the desired PIN.
The following PINs are not allowed:
- 0000, 0001, 0815, 4711
- 1111, 2222, 3333, 4444, 5555, 6666, 7777, 8888, 9999
- 0123, 1234, 2345, 3456, 4567, 5678, 6789
- 9876, 8765, 7654, 6543, 5432, 4321, 3210
14. Sign setting instructions.

5.7 Configuration

Multifunctional sensor processor (MSP)

An input circle is analysed using a multifunctional sensor processor (MSP) which is parameter-assigned by a three-digit hexadecimal number. The 1. position describes the sensor, the 2. position the additional function and the 3. position the contact properties.

The entry of the MSP code is from right to left.

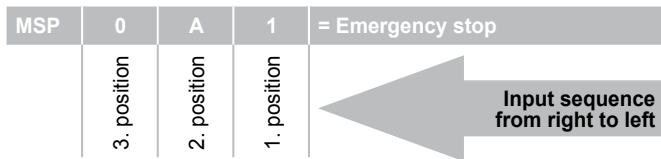
MSP code	Sensor type (1. position)	Feature
0	Sensor evaluation deactivated	- There is no evaluation of a connected sensor! - Upon detection of a signal, an error message is generated on the screen! - Upon detection of a signal, all safety outputs are disabled!
1	Emergency stop command device	Evaluation of the internal clock signals of the clock outputs T0 to T2 Setting = Cross-wire short
2	Safety switch (contact) e.g. AZ16	Evaluation of the internal clock signals of the clock outputs T0 to T2 Setting = Cross-wire short
3	Interlock (electro-mechanical, magnetic and actuator switch) e.g. AZM161	- Direct activation of the interlock (power supply for the magnet) over the semiconductor outputs Q0 / Q0N - Evaluation of the internal clock signals of the clock outputs T0 to T2 - Setting = Cross-wire short - No simultaneous evaluation of the solenoid and actuator contacts - The monitoring time is automatically set to infinity
4	Electronic solenoid interlocks e.g. AZM200, AZM300, MZM100	- Direct activation of the interlock (power supply for the magnet) over the semiconductor outputs Q0 / Q0N - Evaluating signals of the safety sensors - No evaluation of the internal clock signals of the clock outputs T0 to T2 - Setting = Standard - Simultaneous evaluation of the solenoid and actuator contacts
5	Non contact safety switch e.g. BNS 260	- Evaluation of the internal clock signals of the clock outputs T0 to T2 - Setting = Cross-wire short
6	Safety mat (4-wire) e.g. SMS5	- Evaluation of the internal clock signals of the clock outputs T0 to T2 - Setting = Safety mat
7	AOPD e.g. SLC220 Electronic safety sensors e.g. RSS36, CSS sensors	- Evaluating signals of the safety sensors - No evaluation of the internal clock signals of the clock outputs T0 to T2 - Setting = Standard - Test pulses by the sensor can be tolerated

Additional function (2. position)				
MSP code	Discrepancy error monitoring	Start-up test	Feedback circuit	Autostart
0				
1				•
2			•	
3			•	•
4		•		
5		•		•
6		•	•	
7		•	•	•
8	•			
9	•			•
A	•		•	
B	•		•	•
C	•	•		
D	•	•		•
E	•	•	•	
F	•	•	•	•

Contact properties (3. position)			
0	Equivalent	(e.g. 2 NC)	Standard setting
1	Antivalent	(e.g. 1 NC, 1 NO)	
2	Single channel	(e.g. 1 NC)	

Example, MSP code:

Emergency stop command device with active discrepancy monitoring, feedback loop and 2 NC contacts.



! If the additional function "Discrepancy monitoring" is not used in a two-channel sensor, this should be especially justified in the risk analysis.

! Door interlocking mechanisms have an infinite discrepancy, this allows the additional function to be used for error detection. With an activated discrepancy monitoring the interlock has to be opened after an unlocking request.

! **Contact property (3rd place) = Single-channel:** The input with the even number is always evaluated (e.g. sensor on I02 and I03 the input I02 single-channel is evaluated). The odd input must remain open.

i **Sensor type 0 (deactivate):** With a HIGH signal to the sensor inputs of a disabled sensor all safety clearances are deactivated.

i On deactivation of auto-start the function of monitored start is selected.

Further Parameter

Interlock type	
Power to unlock	For spring-locked guard interlocks.
Power to lock	For solenoid-locked guard interlocks.



The interlock type always applies to all connected guard interlocks.

Analog inputs

Dual Sensor	2-channel analysis of AI0 and AI1 with percentage tolerance between the two channels.
Single sensor	Single channel analysis of AI0 and AI1.

In addition to the input type, 4 limit values can be set for every input (if "Dual Sensor" is selected for both).

Inputs

Standard	(S)	No cross-wire detection for input active.
Cross-wire short	(C)	Cross-circuit detection for this input is active.
Safety mat	(M)	Connecting a 4-wire safety mat. Cross-circuit detection for this input is active.

Times

Each MSP has a safety switch device input filter for bounce on protective equipment, or detection of failures.

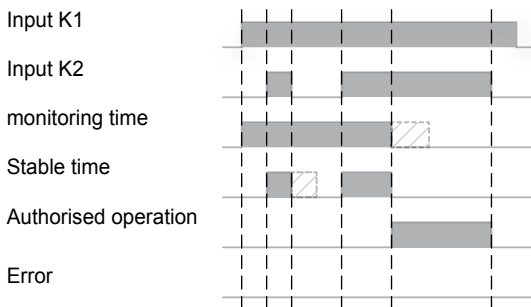
Monitoring time / discrepancy time

Maximum tolerated delay between the channels of a 2-channel input. If exceeded a warning on the screen is displayed and the indicator light Y3 flashes. Both channels must be opened to clear before the input can be activated again. Unless otherwise specified, this time is set to 10s (guard interlocks set to infinity).

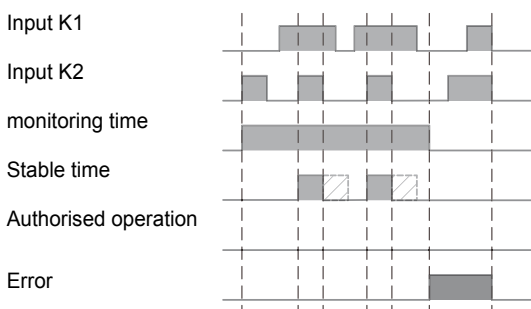
Stable time

During the stable time (default value = 0.1 s) there is a debounce time, which causes a turn-on delay. The release of the safety function only takes place when both input contacts are switched stable for the duration of the stabilizing time.

Operating situation



Fault situation



The setting for the monitoring time / discrepancy time and stable time must be greater than zero.

6. Set-up and maintenance

The person putting into operation for the first time makes the necessary settings on the safety module using the setting instructions and then verifies these. The following sequence is to be observed.

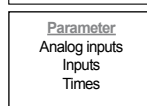
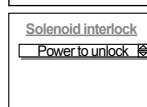
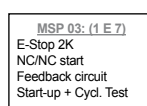
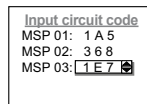
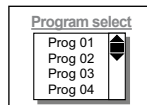
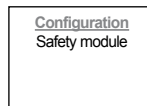
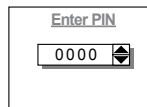
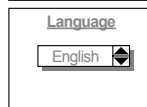
1. Make settings in accordance with the setting instructions.
2. Compare the read-back displays with the setting instructions.
3. Enter the parameter program CRC in the setting instructions.
4. Perform acceptance check (checking of function, correct wiring, polarity of the actors,).
5. Sign setting instructions and minutes of the acceptance check.
6. Add setting instructions and minutes of the acceptance check to the machine documentation.

6.1 Operating the safety module

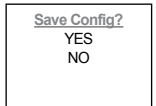
The safety module is operated using the rocker switch. If an entry is emphasised by a coloured bar (cursor), the menu can be navigated by moving the switch up and down. The current entry is selected by pressing on it. If this is a parameter, the value can now be set ("up/down"). The value is similarly accepted by pressing the rocker switch. If you actuate "up" the first time you enter a menu, you will reach the higher ranking menu. If the screen saver appears (a moving circle), this is similarly left by pressing the rocker switch. The term ENTER used in the further description for pressing the rocker switch.

6.2 Putting into operation for the first time

1. After switching on the start screen appears.
2. The request is then made to select the menu language (default: English).
3. The necessity for a configuration / parameter setting is displayed after ENTER.
4. Confirm by ENTER.
5. To conduct the configuration a PIN must be entered (factory default: 0000). The entry is made number by number using the rocker switch (up/down). The next number is reached by ENTER.
6. After correct entry the "Safety module configuration" screen appears.
7. Enter the menu by ENTER. Now select the desired program and confirm with ENTER.
8. The list of the MSP codes now appears for the input circuits. Set the corresponding code for every MSP in accordance with the list. After entry a plain text display of the selected settings appears. ENTER moves back to the code list display. If you navigate "up" with the last MSP code, the next menu appears.
9. If a guard lock is used the selection of the type will appear (Power to unlock: Yes/no).
10. Now set the requisite values for the analogue inputs and times.

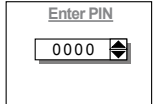


11. Once all settings have been made leave the menu by moving "Up" until the query "Save Yes/No" appears. Confirm with "Yes". All parameters are then shown on several screen pages (red background). All parameters are marked with "M" (modified). Check all values once more and scroll further with "ENTER".



12. After display of "Readback completed" you will reach the PIN entry.

13. First enter the factory set PIN 0000.



14. Then you must enter and repeat the new PIN from the settings instructions.



15. The CRC which is now shown must be entered in the settings instructions.



6.3 Configuration

The setting is made essentially as described in chapter 5.7.

Alternatively:

If the logo appears after switching on, the display of the set program is first reached by pressing the rocker switch and then the main menu. If no logo appears, but an SPS message, moving "Up" until you reach the main menu. Select "Configuration" here. The PIN to be entered is now the one on the settings instructions. The sequence corresponds to that of "Putting into operation for the first time". For the final parameter display with red background only altered values marked with a blue "M" are shown and must be checked specially.



LED RUN

lights up: Operating mode
blinking: Configuration mode or module has the factory defaults (see initial parameterization)

6.4 Behaviour in the case of faults

In the event of a fault the following procedure is recommended

1. UB LED dark: Check voltage supply
2. ERR LED lights up/flashes: Analyse error message on the display and arrange for appropriate actions.
3. ERR LED dark: Fault cannot be diagnosed by PROTECT SELECT. Action: Check the external cabling



LED ERR

illuminated: There is a fault (safe condition)
blinking: There is a caution or warning (Operation with possible limitations)
Fault/Warnings/Messages appear on the display in plain text.

6.5 Maintenance

A regular visual inspection and functional test, including the following steps, is recommended:

1. Check the correct fixing of the safety module
2. Check the cable and device for damage/manipulation indications
3. Check electrical function

If relay outputs are used:

- For PLd (Cat 3) / SIL 2 (with HFT 1) at least every 12 months or
 - for PLe (Cat 3 or 4) / SIL 3 (with HFT 1) at least once a month.
- Otherwise: at least once every 12 months.



Damaged or defective components must be replaced.

7. Menu structure

7.1 Menu structure - Safety module

Status

↳ Safety module

↳↳ Inputs

Display of status of the inputs.

↳↳ Outputs

Display of status of the outputs.

↳↳ Analogue AI0

Display of the current analogue values and status of the set limit values.

↳↳ Analogue AI1

Display of the current analogue values and status of the set limit values.

↳ System

↳↳ Operating duration

Display of the time at which the system was activated.

Warnings



If the ERR display flashes the warnings can be shown here.

↳↳ History

Display of the last changes of the inputs/outputs.

Error message



If the rocker switch is pressed in this menu, a new start is possible.

↳ Error code

Internal error code

↳ Error message

Plain text message of the error code

↳ Troubleshooting

Description of possible error cause and rectification measures

↳ Restart

Trigger of a new start once the error has been eliminated.

Configuration

↳ Enter PIN

Entry of the PIN codes so as to be able to perform the configuration.

↳ Program select

Selection of one of the application programs. With the SELECT version there is a description of the programs in chapter 8. In the OEM version the customer-specific documentation must be consulted.

↳ Input circuits

Parameter assignment of the MSP in accordance with chapter 5.7.

↳ Solenoid interlocks

Selection of the guard interlock type (see chapter 5.7): power to lock or power to unlock principle



If the configuration is left without saving the old state remains valid.

↳ Parameter

↳↳ Analog inputs

↳↳↳ Input type

Single sensor: Single channel
Dual sensor: Dual channel with specification of the tolerance of the channels.

↳↳↳ Limit values

Limit values of the analogue inputs.

↳↳ Inputs

Standard	(S)	24 VDC for ON
Cross-wire short	(C)	Cycle signal for ON. (see chapter 5.4)
Safety mat	(M)	For safety mats in short circuit mode.

↳↳ Times

Setting of the timer.

Adjustment

↳ Contrast

Stipulation of the contrast.

↳ Screen saver

Waiting time until the screen saver becomes active.

↳ Language

Setting of the language.

Info

↳ Firmware version

Specification of the firmware version used.

↳ Hardware info

Identification of the hardware.

↳ Program version

Specification of the program including the hash totals (CRC) for program and parameter assignment.

↳ Configuration

Display of the current configuration.

8. Appendix

8.1 Application programs

General

The safety enable can only be given if all activated input circuits are closed and the analogue input values are below the limit values.



The programs listed here are valid only for the standard variant PROTECT SELECT and version 2.0 of the application program (printed safety seal "Appl V2.0"). If the CRC of the following application programs described in this document deviates from the indicated product program CRC then the following information in this operating manual does not apply.



When using the START/RESET button, requirements of the DIN EN ISO 13849-1:2008, Chapter 5.2.2. (manual reset) must be considered.



With a parameter setting of "Emergency-Stop":
The START/RESET button (I15) must be activated at all events after "Power On".



If no feedback circuit (EDM) is evaluated, then the corresponding input to 24VDC must be set to ensure the safety function of the activated / deactivated safe analogue inputs.



During the sequence of the after travel time (STOP 1) the actuation of all START/RESET buttons is ignored.



In case of a voltage drop or a system failure, the device shut off immediately without delay.

Sensor level: Safe digital inputs

In the following application programs, there is the possibility for the specified free sensors to include the following safety switching devices:

- Emergency stop command devices, electronic and safety switches with contacts, safety interlocks, proximity sensors, AOPDs, muting sensors and 4-wire safety mats.



According to EN 60204-1:2006, a manual reset is necessary after triggering the emergency stop. If the emergency stop is configured with the option auto-start, a manual reset must be realised by other suitable measures.



The number of free sensors depends on the program.



If all sensors have the auto-start option in a protective area, then a START/RESET button for this protective area is not necessary.



Sensors and emergency stop command devices can be reset in any order.

Sensor level: Safe analogue inputs

The two safe analogue inputs in the following application programs have the following functions implemented coupled to the four threshold values:

1. Limit (AI0-0 and AI1-0): Additional release interlock
2. Limit (AI0-1 and AI1-1): No function implemented
3. Limit (AI0-2 and AI1-2): No function implemented
4. Limit (AI0-3 and AI1-3): Emergency Stop

Description:

- Additional release for the interlock:

If an interlock is parameterized and the two analogue input values are below the first limit (AI0-0 and 0-AI1) and are among the remaining limits, then the locking unit of the connected interlock can be unlocked.

- Emergency-Stop-Function:

If one of the analogue input values is above the fourth limit (AI0-3 or AI1-3) then this corresponds to the triggering of the Emergency Stop.



Connect the non-required analogue inputs to AGND and set the corresponding analogue limit values to 4095.



In the application programs, the error case of a wire break in the analogue input is not controlled. If it is necessary to control such the analogue input may be used with the "Dual Sensor" option.



Sensors and emergency stop command devices can be reset in any order.

Actuator level

The actuator level for the subsequent application programs consists of:

- 1x p-/n-switching safe output Q0 / Q0N
- 2x p-switching safe outputs Q2 and Q3
- 2x Safe relay outputs QR1 and QR2
- 4x optional signalling outputs Y0 up to Y3

The number of shutdown paths depends on the application program selected:

- There are a maximum of five shutdown paths available.
- Every safe shutdown path can have an individual shutdown delay (Stop 1) assigned.
- The default times are set to 0.00 s, this means that the safe shutdown paths are shutdown without delay (Stop 0).

The output times are allocated to the following timers:

Output	Timer	Designation	Behaviour	Default
Q0/Q0N	T00	TOF 0	delayed OFF	0.00s
Q2	T02	TOF 2	delayed OFF	0.00s
Q3	T03	TOF 3	delayed OFF	0.00s
QR1	T04	TOF 4	delayed OFF	0.00s
QR2	T05	TOF 5	delayed OFF	0.00s
Y2	T06	TON 1	delayed ON	0.00s



Timer T00 up to T29: 0...599.99 s Step: 10 ms
Timer T31 and 32: 0...59999 s (ca. 16.6 h) Step: 1 s



DESCRIPTION:

TOF: Timer, shutdown delay
TON: Timer, switch on delay

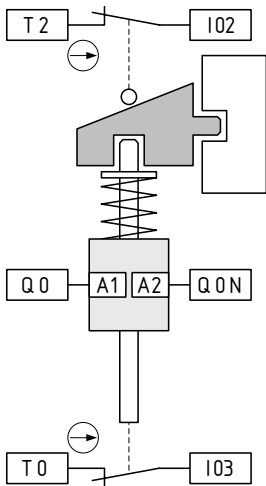
With the setting: Safety door



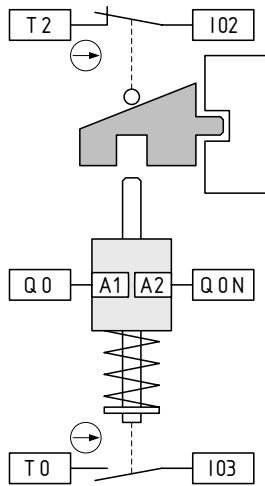
If an "interlock" selection is active, the output Q0/Q0N does not behave like a safety release, because it is used to control the solenoid

Safety interlocks, 2-channel floating:
with solenoid and interlock monitoring and direct control of the interlock unit (magnet)

Power to unlock



Power to lock



Interlock:

With electromechanical solenoid interlocks the magnet contact must be open. With a purely electronic solenoid interlock both inputs must have a LOW signal.



When using an electro-mechanical solenoid interlock the contact for the actuator must always be wired to the even input and the contact for the magnets on the odd input!

Application program 01

**Prog_01: A safety area, visible from control area,
enabling switches + operating mode selector switch,
4 x individual sensors,
1 x Emergency-Stop command device (variable sensors)**
(CRC 9FB6)

Connection example

Terminal assignment of the digital inputs

I00 + I01	Operating mode selector switch	
	automatic:	I00 = HIGH & I01 = LOW
	manual:	I00 = LOW & I01 = HIGH
I02 + I03	Enabling switches	
I04 + I05	1. sensor:	MSP 2 (Default value = 0 0 0)
I06 + I07	2. sensor:	MSP 3 (Default value = 0 0 0)
I08 + I09	3. sensor:	MSP 4 (Default value = 0 0 0)
I10 + I11	4. sensor:	MSP 5 (Default value = 0 0 0)
I12	Unlock solenoid interlock	
I13	Feedback circuit	
I14	---	
I15	START / RESET or latch interlock	for I16 + I17 and for I04 up to I11
I16 + I17	Emergency stop command device,	MSP 1 (Default value = 0 A 1)

Terminal assignment of the outputs

Q0, Q0N	Stop 0 or Stop 1	with fail-safe timer T00
	Option with selection "Latch": working or quiescent current	
Q2	Stop 0 or Stop 1	with fail-safe timer T01
Q3	Stop 0 or Stop 1	with fail-safe timer T02
QR1	Stop 0 or Stop 1	with fail-safe timer T03
QR2	Stop 0 or Stop 1	with fail-safe timer T04

Terminal assignment of the signalling outputs (optionally digital input)

Y0 (I00)	---	
Y1 (I04)	---	
Y2 (I12)	---	
Y3 (I14)	Signalling output: error message / status indication:	
	Manual mode:	Flashing with 2Hz
	Warning:	Flashing with 1Hz
	Error messages:	Lights up

Program description

The application program is based on a monitored visible safety area.

There is only a general requirement that lock and unlock all controlled interlocks.

The user has the option of connecting 4 individual sensors to the inputs I04 to I11.

In addition, the inputs can be changed as individual sensors I16 and I17 together with the default setting "Emergency Stop command device". This sensor evaluation for the inputs I16 and I17 have a higher priority and will not be bridged by the "operation mode selector switch + enabling device".

Via the inputs I00 and I01 an operating mode selector switch is evaluated.

The selection of the operating mode selector switch is as follows:

- Automatic mode: I00 = HIGH and I01 = LOW
- Manual mode: I00 = LOW and I01 = HIGH

When the operating mode selector switch is set to "manual mode", the sensors can be bridged via the inputs I04 to I11 in their safety monitoring via an enabling switch to the inputs I02 and I03.

The condition START / RESET via the input I15 is permanently assigned to the inputs I16 + I17 and I04 to I11

The connected sensors I04 to I11 switch off the outputs Q0/Q0N, Q2 and Q3, QR1 and QR2.

Digital inputs I12, I13, I15

- Input I12 (unlock interlock: " Open door request"): Request to unlock the guard interlock so that the safety area can be accessed.
- Input I13 (feedback circuit): Feedback circuit from the actuators (e.g. guards, drive regulator, inverter, valve terminal etc.) is switched as an additional condition to the function macro.
- Input I15 (RESET for the Emergency-Stop command device and for the sensors I04 to I11):
 - Restart condition after the Emergency-Stop control device has been actuated.
 - Restart condition of the safety sensors, connected to the inputs I02 to I11.
 - Request for locking the guard interlock after leaving the safety area and the safety equipment has been closed.

Signalling outputs Y3

- Signaling output Y3: for the information transfer that an error has occurred with an error message or warning with a warning message on the display. This message output can also be used to control a corresponding fault or warning message lamp. Also via the signaling output Y3 the message "Manual operation is active" is transferred and displayed.

Signalling output Y3, error message / status indication:

- Manual mode: Flashing with 2Hz
- Warning: Flashing with 1Hz
- Error messages: Lights up

Safe semi-conductor outputs Q0/Q0N

- Stop 0 or Stop 1: All semiconductor outputs are linked to a safe timer (Timer Off Delay). Stop 0: Timer = 0 seconds (Default value) Stop 1: Timer should be actively adjusted to 0 seconds
- Additional function selection for a possible connected interlock: Working current Yes / No

Safe semi-conductor outputs Q2, Q3

- Stop 0 or Stop 1: All semiconductor outputs are linked to a safe timer (Timer Off Delay). Stop 0: Timer = 0 seconds (Default value) Stop 1: Timer should be actively adjusted to 0 seconds

Safe relay outputs QR1, QR2

- Stop 0 or Stop 1: All relay outputs are linked to a safe timer (Timer Off Delay). Stop 0: Timer = 0 seconds (Default value) Stop 1: Timer should be actively adjusted to 0 seconds

Timers used

Name	Function	Timer	Time [s]
TOF 0	Shut down delay for Q0/Q0N	T00	0.00
TOF 2	Shut down delay for Q2	T02	0.00
TOF 3	Shut down delay for Q3	T03	0.00
TOF 4	Shut down delay for QR1	T04	0.00
TOF 5	Shut down delay for QR2	T05	0.00
	Monitoring time for MSP 1 (E-Stop)	T07	10.00
	Monitoring time for MSP 2	T08	10.00
	Monitoring time for MSP 3	T09	10.00
	Monitoring time for MSP 4	T10	10.00
	Monitoring time for MSP 5	T11	10.00
	Monitoring time for MSP 6	T12	10.00
	Stable time for MSP 1 (E-Stop)	T13	0.10
	Stable time for MSP 2	T14	0.10
	Stable time for MSP 3	T15	0.10
	Stable time for MSP 4	T16	0.10
	Stable time for MSP 5	T17	0.10
	Stable time for MSP 6	T18	0.10
	Stable time for MSP 7 (analogue E-Stop)	T19	1.00



If this user program is used, chapters 9.2.3, 9.2.4, 9.2.6.3 and 10.9 of EN 60204-1:2006 must be observed. Special requirements from these chapters must be realised by a higher ranking control.



When changing the operating mode, the outputs initiate a stop 0 or stop 1.



On the inputs I04 to I11 (first to fourth sensor) there should be no Emergency-Stop command device connected. Emergency-Stop command devices are only allowed to be connected to the inputs I16/I17.



After Power ON and after an operational mode change a START/RESET is necessary.



The enable device is to be configured as a contact safety switch (floating) with auto start. Example: MSP code = 0 9 2 or 0 B 2

Application program 02

Prog_02: Two safety areas, visible from control area,
2 x individual sensors for safety area 1,
3 x individual sensors for safety area 2,
1x Emergency-Stop command device (variable sensors)
 (CRC 006F)

Connection example

Terminal assignment of the digital inputs

I00	START / RESET for safety area 1 (SB1)		
I01	START / RESET for safety area 2 (SB2)		
I02 + I03	1.1 sensor (SB1):	MSP 2	(Default value = 0 0 0)
I04 + I05	1.2 sensor (SB1):	MSP 3	(Default value = 0 0 0)
I06 + I07	2.1 sensor (SB2):	MSP 4	(Default value = 0 0 0)
I08 + I09	2.2 sensor (SB2):	MSP 5	(Default value = 0 0 0)
I10 + I11	2.3 sensor (SB2):	MSP 6	(Default value = 0 0 0)
I12	Feedback for safety area 1 (SB1)		
I13	Feedback for safety area 2 (SB2)		
I14	---		
I15	START / RESET	for I16 + I17	
I16 + I17	Emergency stop command device,	MSP 1	(Default value = 0 A 1)

Terminal assignment of the outputs

Q0, Q0N	Stop 0 or Stop 1 (SB1)	with fail-safe timer T00
Q2	Stop 0 or Stop 1 (SB2)	with fail-safe timer T01
Q3	Stop 0 or Stop 1 (SB2)	with fail-safe timer T02
QR1	Stop 0 or Stop 1 (SB2)	with fail-safe timer T03
QR2	Stop 0 or Stop 1 (SB2)	with fail-safe timer T04

Terminal assignment of the signalling outputs (optionally digital input)

Y0 (I00)	---	
Y1 (I04)	---	
Y2 (I12)	---	
Y3 (I14)	Signalling output: error message / status indication:	
	Error messages	= ON
	Warnings	= Flashing ON with 1Hz

Program description

The application program is based on two monitored visible safety areas.

1. Safety area (SB1)

The user has the option of connecting 2 individual sensors to the inputs I02 to I05 in the first safety area. The connected sensors I02 to I05 switch off the outputs Q0/Q0N.

The condition START / RESET via the input I00 is permanently assigned to the inputs I02 to I05.

The feedback for the safety area 1 is implemented via the input I12.

2. Safety area (SB2)

The user has the option of connecting 3 individual sensors to the inputs I06 to I11 in the second safety area. The connected sensors I06 to I11 switch off the outputs Q2 and Q3, QR1 and QR2.

The condition START / RESET via the input I01 is permanently assigned to the inputs I06 to I11.

The feedback for the safety area 2 is implemented via the input I13.

First and second safety areas

The inputs I16 and I17 (default setting: emergency stop) switch off all the parent outputs Q0 to Q2 and from QR1 to QR2.

The condition START / RESET via the input I15 is permanently assigned to the inputs I16 to I17.

In addition, the inputs can be changed as individual sensors I16 and I17 together with the default setting "Emergency Stop command device".

Digital inputs I00, I01, I13, I12, I15

• Input I00 (RESET), First safety area:

Restart condition of the safety sensors, connected to the inputs I02 to I05.

• Input I00 (RESET), Second safety area:

Restart condition of the safety sensors, connected to the inputs I06 to I11.

• Input I12 (feedback circuit). First safety area:

Feedback circuit from the actuators (e.g. guards, drive regulator, inverter, valve terminal etc.) is switched as an additional condition to the function macro.

• Input I13 (feedback circuit). Second safety area:

Feedback circuit from the actuators (e.g. guards, drive regulator, inverter, valve terminal etc.) is switched as an additional condition to the function macro.

• Input I15 (RESET for the Emergency-Stop command device with a higher priority): Restart condition after the Emergency-Stop control device has been actuated.

High priority for all safety areas: Signalling output Y3

• • Signaling output Y3:

for the information transfer that an error has occurred with an error message or warning with a warning message on the display. This message output can also be used to control a corresponding fault or warning message lamp.

1. Safety area: Safe semi-conductor outputs Q0/Q0N

• Stop 0 or Stop 1:

All semiconductor outputs are linked to a safe timer (Timer Off Delay).

Stop 0: Timer = 0 seconds (Default value)

Stop 1: Timer should be actively adjusted to 0 seconds

2. Safety area: Safe semi-conductor outputs Q2, Q3

• Stop 0 or Stop 1:

All semiconductor outputs are linked to a safe timer (Timer Off Delay).

Stop 0: Timer = 0 seconds (Default value)

Stop 1: Timer should be actively adjusted to 0 seconds

2. Safety area: Safe relay outputs QR1, QR2

• Stop 0 or Stop 1:

All relay outputs are linked to a safe timer (Timer Off Delay).

Stop 0: Timer = 0 seconds (Default value)

Stop 1: Timer should be actively adjusted to 0 seconds

Timers used

Name	Function	Timer	Time [s]
TOF 0	Shut down delay for Q0/Q0N	T00	0.00
TOF 2	Shut down delay for Q2	T02	0.00
TOF 3	Shut down delay for Q3	T03	0.00
TOF 4	Shut down delay for QR1	T04	0.00
TOF 5	Shut down delay for QR2	T05	0.00
	Monitoring time for MSP 1 (E-Stop)	T07	10.00
	Monitoring time for MSP 2	T08	10.00
	Monitoring time for MSP 3	T09	10.00
	Monitoring time for MSP 4	T10	10.00
	Monitoring time for MSP 5	T11	10.00
	Monitoring time for MSP 6	T12	10.00
	Stable time for MSP 1 (E-Stop)	T13	0.10
	Stable time for MSP 2	T14	0.10
	Stable time for MSP 3	T15	0.10
	Stable time for MSP 4	T16	0.10
	Stable time for MSP 5	T17	0.10
	Stable time for MSP 6	T18	0.10
	Stable time for MSP 7 (analogue E-Stop)	T19	1.00

Application program 03

**Prog_03: One safety area, visible from control area,
5 x individual sensors,
1 x Emergency-Stop command device (variable sensors)**
(CRC 055E)

Connection example

Terminal assignment of the digital inputs

I00	START / RESET or latch interlock	for I02 up to I11	
I01	Unlock solenoid interlock		
I02 + I03	1. sensor:	MSP 2	(Default value = 0 0 0)
I04 + I05	2. sensor:	MSP 3	(Default value = 0 0 0)
I06 + I07	3. sensor:	MSP 4	(Default value = 0 0 0)
I08 + I09	4. sensor:	MSP 5	(Default value = 0 0 0)
I10 + I11	5. sensor:	MSP 6	(Default value = 0 0 0)
I12	---		
I13	Feedback circuit		
I14	---		
I15	START / RESET or latch interlock	for I16 + I17	
I16 + I17	Emergency stop command device,	MSP 1	(Default value = 0 A 1)

Terminal assignment of the outputs

Q0, Q0N	Stop 0 or Stop 1	with fail-safe timer T00	
	Option with selection "Latch": working or quiescent current		
Q2	Stop 0 or Stop 1	with fail-safe timer T01	
Q3	Stop 0 or Stop 1	with fail-safe timer T02	
QR1	Stop 0 or Stop 1	with fail-safe timer T03	
QR2	Stop 0 or Stop 1	with fail-safe timer T04	

Terminal assignment of the signalling outputs
(optionally digital input)

Y0 (I00)	---	
Y1 (I04)	---	
Y2 (I12)	without delay OFF / delayed ON with timer T06	
Y3 (I14)	Signalling output: error message / status indication:	
	Error messages	= ON
	Warnings	= Flashing ON with 1Hz

Program description

The application program is based on a monitored visible safety area.

There is only a general requirement that lock and unlock all controlled interlocks.

The user has the option of connecting 5 individual sensors to the inputs I02 to I11. The condition START / RESET via the input I00 is permanently assigned to the inputs I02 to I11.

In addition, the inputs can be changed as individual sensors I16 and I17 together with the default setting "Emergency Stop command device". The condition START / RESET via the input I15 is permanently assigned to the inputs I16 to I17.

The connected sensors switch off the outputs Q0/Q0N, Q2 and Q3, QR1 and QR2.

Digital inputs I00, I01, I13, I15

- Input I00 (RESET):
 - Restart condition of the safety sensors, connected to the inputs I02 to I11.
 - Request for locking the guard interlock after leaving the safety area and the safety equipment has been closed.
- Input I01 (unlock interlock: "Open door request"):
 - Request to unlock the guard interlock so that the safety area can be accessed.
- Input I13 (feedback circuit):
 - Feedback circuit from the actuators (e.g. guards, drive regulator, inverter, valve terminal etc.) is switched as an additional condition to the function macro.
- Input I15 (RESET for the Emergency-Stop command device):
 - Restart condition after the Emergency-Stop control device has been actuated.

Signalling outputs Y2, Y3

- Signalling output Y2:
 - Function: Stop 0 and switch on delay via a safe timer such as control of the operational input with drive regulators or inverters with the function: Emergency-Stop ramp / quick stop / release regulator with Emergency-Stop ramp
- Signaling output Y3:
 - for the information transfer that an error has occurred with an error message or warning with a warning message on the display. This message output can also be used to control a corresponding fault or warning message lamp.

Safe semi-conductor outputs Q0/Q0N

- Stop 0 or Stop 1:
 - All relay outputs are linked to a safe shutdown delay timer (Timer Off Delay).
- Additional function selection for a possible connected interlock:
 - Working current Yes / No

Safe semi-conductor outputs Q2, Q3 and safe relay outputs QR1, QR2

- Stop 0 or Stop 1:
 - All relay outputs are linked to a safe shutdown delay timer (Timer Off Delay).

Timers used

Name	Function	Timer	Time [s]
TOF 0	Shut down delay for Q0/Q0N	T00	0.00
TOF 2	Shut down delay for Q2	T02	0.00
TOF 3	Shut down delay for Q3	T03	0.00
TOF 4	Shut down delay for QR1	T04	0.00
TOF 5	Shut down delay for QR2	T05	0.00
TON 1	Run-up time for output Y2	T06	0.00
	Monitoring time for MSP 1 (E-Stop)	T07	10.00
	Monitoring time for MSP 2	T08	10.00
	Monitoring time for MSP 3	T09	10.00
	Monitoring time for MSP 4	T10	10.00
	Monitoring time for MSP 5	T11	10.00
	Monitoring time for MSP 6	T12	10.00
	Stable time for MSP 1 (E-Stop)	T13	0.10
	Stable time for MSP 2	T14	0.10
	Stable time for MSP 3	T15	0.10
	Stable time for MSP 4	T16	0.10
	Stable time for MSP 5	T17	0.10
	Stable time for MSP 6	T18	0.10
	Stable time for MSP 7 (analogue E-Stop)	T19	1.00



The delay for the signaling output Y2 (I12) is used for direct control of the restart interlock and the controller release so that the controller release with for example the drive regulator or the inverted can be issued with a delay.

Application program 04

Prog_04: One safety area with muting, visible from control area, 1 x individual sensor, 1 x Emergency-Stop command device (variable sensors)
(CRC 003F)

Connection example

Terminal assignment of the digital inputs

I00	---	
I01	Muting: Stop monitoring time	
I02	Muting sensor B2	
I03	Muting sensor B1	
I04	AOPD	
I05	AOPD	
I06	Muting sensor A2	
I07	Muting sensor A1	
I08	Activate override	
I09	Unlock solenoid interlock	
I10 + I11	Sensor 1:	MSP 2 (Default value = 0 0 0)
I12	---	
I13	Feedback circuit	
I14	---	
I15	START / RESET for muting, or latch interlock	for I10+I11 and I16+I17
I16 + I17	Emergency stop command device,	MSP 1 (Default value = 0 A 1)

Terminal assignment of the outputs

Q0, Q0N	Stop 0 or Stop 1	with fail-safe timer T00
	Option with selection "Latch": working or quiescent current	
Q2	Stop 0 or Stop 1	with fail-safe timer T02
Q3	Stop 0 or Stop 1	with fail-safe timer T03
QR1	Stop 0 or Stop 1	with fail-safe timer T04
QR2	Stop 0 or Stop 1	with fail-safe timer T05

Terminal assignment of the signalling outputs (optionally digital input)

Y0 (I00)	Muting lamp	
Y1 (I04)	---	
Y2 (I12)	delayed ON (timer T 06) / without delay OFF	
Y3 (I14)	Signalling output: error message / status indication:	
	Error messages	= ON
	Warnings	= Flashing ON with 1Hz

Program description

The application program is based on a monitored visible safety area with muting function.

There is only a general requirement that lock and unlock all controlled interlocks.

The user has the option of connecting 1 individual sensor to the inputs I10 to I11.

In addition, the inputs can be changed as individual sensors I16 and I17 together with the default setting "Emergency Stop command device".

The condition START / RESET via the input I15 is permanently assigned to the inputs I16+I17, I10+I11 and for muting.

Digital inputs I09, I13, I15

- Input I09 (unlock interlock: "Open door request"):
 - Request to unlock the guard interlock so that the safety area can be accessed.
- Input I13 (feedback circuit):

Feedback circuit from the actuators (e.g. guards, drive regulator, inverter, valve terminal etc.) is switched as an additional condition to the function macro.
- Input I15 (RESET for the Emergency-Stop command device and for the individual sensors and for the muting function):
 - Restart condition after the Emergency-Stop control device has been actuated.
 - Restart condition of the safety sensors, connected to the inputs I10 to I11.
 - Request for locking the guard interlock after leaving the safety area and the safety equipment has been closed.

The muting function is implemented via the inputs I01 to I08.

Signalling outputs Y0, Y2, Y3

- Signalling output Y0:

Indication that the muting function is active.
- Signalling output Y2:

Function: Stop 0 and switch on delay via a safe timer such as control of the operational input with drive regulators or inverters with the function: Emergency-Stop ramp / quick stop / release regulator with Emergency-Stop ramp
- Signaling output Y3:

for the information transfer that an error has occurred with an error message or warning with a warning message on the display. This message output can also be used to control a corresponding fault or warning message lamp.

Safe semi-conductor outputs Q0/Q0N

- Stop 0 or Stop 1:

All semiconductor outputs are linked to a safe timer (Timer Off Delay).
 Stop 0: Timer = 0 seconds (Default value)
 Stop 1: Timer should be actively adjusted to 0 seconds
- Additional function selection for a possible connected interlock:

Working current Yes / No

Safe semi-conductor outputs Q2, Q3

- Stop 0 or Stop 1:

All semiconductor outputs are linked to a safe timer (Timer Off Delay).
 Stop 0: Timer = 0 seconds (Default value)
 Stop 1: Timer should be actively adjusted to 0 seconds

Safe relay outputs QR1, QR2

- Stop 0 or Stop 1:

All relay outputs are linked to a safe timer (Timer Off Delay).
 Stop 0: Timer = 0 seconds (Default value)
 Stop 1: Timer should be actively adjusted to 0 seconds

Timers used

Name	Function	Timer	Time [s]
TOF 0	Shut down delay for Q0/Q0N	T00	0.00
TOF 2	Shut down delay for Q2	T02	0.00
TOF 3	Shut down delay for Q3	T03	0.00
TOF 4	Shut down delay for QR1	T04	0.00
TOF 5	Shut down delay for QR2	T05	0.00
TON 1	Run-up time for output Y2	T06	0.00
	Monitoring time for MSP 1 (E-Stop)	T07	10.00
	Monitoring time for MSP 2	T08	10.00
	Stable time for MSP 1 (E-Stop)	T13	0.10
	Stable time for MSP 2	T14	0.10
	Stable time for MSP 3 (analogue E-Stop)	T19	1.00
MUT 1	Muting: monitoring time	T31	600
MUT 2	Muting: Drop-out delay	T20	5.00
MUT 3	Muting: Override time	T21	5.00
MUT 4	Muting: sensor tolerance time	T22	0.50
MUT 5	Muting: Error tolerance time	T23	4.00



The delay for the signaling output Y2 (I12) is used for direct control of the restart interlock and the controller release so that the controller release with for example the drive regulator or the inverter can be issued with a delay.



The requirements according to EN 61496-1 must be observed.



The override function can be realized with a tip switch, which must be mounted in a position where the danger zones are visible.



The muting monitoring time should be set as short as possible!



The muting delay (dropout delay) may only be applied if the material is conveyed from the danger zone!



The muting delay should be kept as short as possible so that the condition of the muting can be immediately removed as soon as the material has left the safety zone..



Muting with dropout delay should not be used if the muting sensor is installed in front of the protection area outside the danger zone!

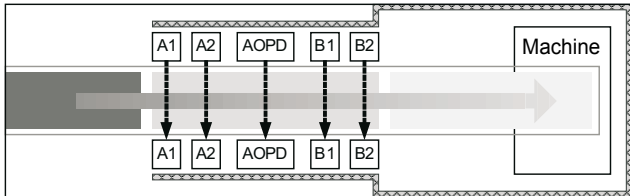


The timer value should be adapted to the application. Standard requirements should be taken into account.

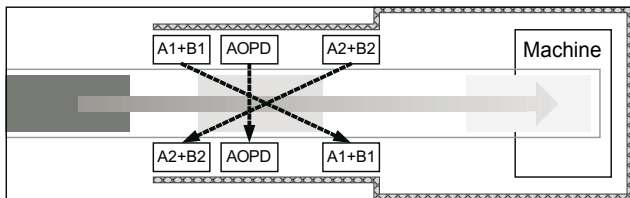
Operating principle: Muting

Muting is the temporary bypassing of a safety light barrier if required by the duty cycle. There must be a voltage applied to the muting inputs A1 and A2 or A2 and B1 or B1 and B2. Muting may only take place if it is certain that during the duty cycle the hazardous area cannot be reached or dangerous movements cannot take place. This is the case when material passes through the safety light barrier of the protection area and between the material and the safety light barrier nothing can penetrate into the hazardous area or no dangerous movements can take place. The difference between conveyed material and a person or the recognition of a non dangerous movement condition occurs with two separate and independent muting sensors.

Muting with 4 sensors



Muting with 2 sensors



Initial condition

The protection area is free which means that the light curtain / light grid (AOPD) on the inputs I04+I05 is not interrupted and the muting sensors A1/A2 (I02+I03) and B1/B2 (I06+I07) are not actuated and the rest of the safety circuit (I10+I11 and I16+I17) is closed. The safety monitoring is started when a falling edge occurs on the input I15. The outputs muting are set (Q0 to Q3, QR1 to QR2).

Operating situation

- A workpiece moves into the system and first actuates muting sensors A1/A2:
 - The muting monitoring time starts
 - The muting lamp (Y0) switches on.
 - The muting outputs remain set.
- The light grid (AOPD) is interrupted:
 - The muting monitoring time continues.
 - The muting lamp (Y0) remains on.
 - The muting outputs remain set.
- The workpiece now reaches both of the muting sensors B1/B2:
 - The muting monitoring time continues.
 - The muting lamp (Y0) remains on.
 - The muting outputs remain set.
- The workpiece leaves the muting sensors A1/A2:
 - The muting monitoring time continues.
 - The muting lamp (Y0) remains on.
 - The muting outputs remain set.
- The workpiece releases the light barrier (AOPD):
 - The muting monitoring time continues.
 - The muting lamp (Y0) remains on.
 - The muting outputs remain set.
- The workpiece leaves the muting sensors B1/B2:
 - The muting monitoring time stops.
 - The muting lamp (Y0) along with the Timer MUT 2 is switched off with a delay.
 - The muting outputs remain set.

Fault situation 1

- The light grid (AOPD) is interrupted:
 - The muting outputs are switched off.
 - The safety release is withdrawn and a restart is prevented.
 - The fault lamp (Y3) and the muting lamp (Y0) are not lit.

Fault situation 2

- Only one muting sensor (e.g. A1) is singularly set:
 - The muting outputs remain set.
 - The muting monitoring time (MUT 1) starts.
 - The muting sensor tolerance time (MUT 4) is started.
- The one muting sensor (e.g. A1) remains singularly set:
 - The muting sensor tolerance time (MUT 4) expires.
 - The muting outputs are switched off.
 - The safety release is withdrawn and a restart is prevented.
 - The fault lamp (Y3) illuminates.

Fault situation 3

- During muting (operational condition point 1 to 6):
 - Fault after the muting monitoring has expired (MUT 1).
 - The muting outputs are switched off.
 - The safety release is withdrawn and a restart is prevented.
 - The fault lamp (Y3) illuminates.
 - The muting lamp (Y0) switched off without delay.

Override

- With a HIGH signal on the Override input (I08) and if necessary actuation of the START/RESET button, the override function can be started which means the workpiece is moved out of the machine
 - The muting outputs are set.
 - The warning message lamp (Y3) is switched off if necessary.

INFO:

The override function can be interrupted at any time by a LOW signal on Override input (I08).


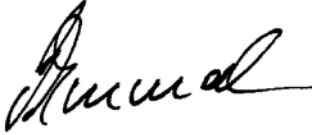
In addition, a time limit by the override time takes place, which automatically stops the timeout sequence. Which means the override must be completed within the override time. The muting lamp (Y0) is turned off during the override.

- If the muting sensors and the light grids (AOPD) are free (initial condition), the override function is terminated by a LOW signal on the Override input (I08) and the operating situation is restored.

8.2 Error message, warning and status indication

Prog_01	Prog_02	Prog_03	Prog_04	Display indications (depending on the application program)	Comment
■				Error - operating mode selection	Both inputs on which the operating mode selector switch is connected have the same signal (both HIGH or both LOW).
■	■	■	■	Error - single-channel opening detected	With a 2-channel sensor a 1-channel drop is detected. A restart is only possible if the sensor is 2-channel open and then back to 2-channel closed
■	■	■	■	Error - antivalent safety switch	With a 2-channel equivalent sensor (2 NC) nonequivalence is detected. (Instead of 2 identical signals one signal is opposite, for example, channel A = HIGH and channel B = LOW) OR with a 2-channel nonequivalence sensor (1 NC and 1 NO) an equivalence is detected. (Instead of 2 different signals, both signals are the same)
■	■	■	■	Error - dual-channel control when single-channel is selected	The inputs for sensors (e.g. I02 and I03) were set as 1-channel sensors (MSP Code, 3rd place = 2). On the deactivated odd input (here I03) a high signal is detected.
■	■	■	■	Error - control of a disabled sensor	The inputs for sensors (e.g. I04 and I05) were not needed for the safety circuit and are set as deactivated. At one or both inputs a HIGH signal is detected.
■	■	■	■	Error - feedback circuit (EDM)	The safety circuit is closed and the safe outputs are open: To restart the safety monitoring the high signal is absent at the corresponding input, which means the feedback loop of the integrated actuator is not closed.
■	■	■	■	Timeout - Disturbed safety switch	The time lag between the signal changes of the two channels of a 2-channel sensor was larger than the set monitoring time.
			■	Error - Muting	A fault was detected in the muting sequence, which led to a halt (see fault case muting). Eliminate problem, press Override and confirm with START / RESET.
■		■	■	Warning - Interlock not locked	Setting the solenoid interlock parameters, for example, via the inputs I06 and I07: The interlock (magnet) is driven, but the interlock does not lock.
■	■	■	■	Warning - Safety circuit open	Part or all of the connected sensor is / are not yet closed.
■	■	■	■	Warning - Analogue Input: Emergency-Stop active	After exceeding the limits AI0-3 and AI1-3, an Emergency-Stop function was activated and the safe outputs were switched off.
■	■	■	■	Warning - RESET necessary	The safety circuit is closed. To restart the safety monitoring the START / RESET is missing.
■		■	■	Warning - Analogue input: Interlock not released	When setting solenoid interlock parameters, for example, via the inputs I06 and I07 and setting the limit parameters of AI0-0 and AI 1 0: After the limits AI0-0 and AI 1 0 are exceeded, the solenoid interlock can be unlocked via the corresponding input. If an unlock request is trigger via the corresponding input and the limit AI0-0 and AI1-0 are not reached, then a warning message is triggered.
■				Manual operation is active	At the inputs where the operating mode selector switch is connected, the position "Manual" has been detected, i.e. I00 = LOW and I01 = HIGH.

8.3 EC Declaration of conformity

	
<h2>EC Declaration of conformity</h2>	
Translation of the original Declaration of Conformity	K.A. Schmersal GmbH & Co. KG Industrielle Sicherheitssysteme Möddinghofe 30, 42279 Wuppertal Germany Internet: www.schmersal.com
<p>We hereby certify that the hereafter described safety components both in its basic design and construction conform to the applicable European Directives.</p>	
Name of the safety component:	PROTECT SELECT ¹ ¹ SYS Firmware: 1.1.0 or higher Hardware: C1FG or higher
Description of the safety component:	Multifunctional safety controller
Relevant EC-Directives:	2006/42/EC EC-Machinery Directive 2004/108/EC EMC-Directive
Person authorized for the compilation of the technical documentation:	Oliver Wacker Möddinghofe 30 42279 Wuppertal
Notified body, which approved the full quality assurance system, referred to in Appendix X, 2006/42/EC:	TÜV Rheinland Industrie Service GmbH Alboinstraße 56 12103 Berlin ID n°: 0035
Place and date of issue:	Wuppertal, September 24, 2013
PROTECT SELECT-ENC	
	Authorised signature Philip Schmersal Managing Director



The currently valid declaration of conformity can be downloaded from the internet at www.schmersal.net.



The PROTECT SELECT OEM is supplied with a separate declaration of conformity.

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